

Taynuilt Trees Wholesale Price-List 2009 – 2010

SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	PROVENANCE ZONE	SIZE (cm)	PRICE EACH (p)				Numbers Available (estimate)
				Single trees	10+	50+	1000+	
ALDER <i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	Likes wet ground, Nitrogen fixing, coppices well. Young growth not usually eaten by deer. Very vigorous on wet ground. Good firewood, makes excellent charcoal.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	188 218 248 259	83 97 110 115	42 48 55 60	25 29 33 36	1000's 1000's 1000's 1000's
ASH <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Alkaline tolerant. Fine strong timber for turnery, furniture and firewood. Thrives on moist fertile ground with a vigorous root system.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40 30-60	203 218 233	90 97 103	45 48 52	27 29 31	1000's 1000's 1000's
BROOM <i>Cytisus scoparius</i>	The native yellow flowered broom, a small shrub giving good cover for young birds.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40	203 225	90 100	45 50	27 30	100's 100's
DOWNY BIRCH <i>Betula pubescens</i>	Suitable for wet sites, windfirm, frost hardy and exposure tolerant. Beautiful white bark in young trees. Not as pendulous habit as Silver Birch (<i>Bet. Pendula</i>). A true pioneer species.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	188 218 248 270	83 97 110 120	42 48 55 60	25 29 33 36	1000's 1000's 1000's 1000's
BIRD CHERRY <i>Prunus padus</i>	Likes fertile soils, frost hardy small tree but not exposure tolerant. White sprigs of flowers in the spring, and small black cherries attract birds in July.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	203 225 255	90 100 113	45 50 57	27 30 34	1000's 1000's 1000's
DOG ROSE <i>Rosa canina</i>	Native Dog Rose, pink flowers and red rosehips. Good addition to wild hedges.	North Argyll (zone 106)	20-40 30-60	225 255	100 113	50 57	30 34	100's 100's
ELDER <i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Small tree likes fertile sheltered sites. Use white flowers and black fruits for wine.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40	203 225	90 100	45 50	27 30	100's 100's
GEAN <i>Prunus avium</i>	Likes fertile soils, frost hardy but not high exposure tolerant. White flowers in the spring, edible red/black cherries in summer. Large tree with fine timber.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	203 225 255 285	90 100 113 127	45 50 57 63	27 30 34 38	100's 100's 100's 100's
GUELDER ROSE <i>Viburnum opulus</i>	Very attractive small tree (not a rose!), for moist fertile soils. White flowers, red fruits.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40	270 293	120 130	60 65	36 39	100's 100's
HAWTHORN <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Excellent hedging plant, attractive and hardy small tree. Haws much loved by resident and migrating birds.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	203 225 255	90 100 113	45 50 57	27 30 34	1000's 1000's 1000's
HAZEL <i>Corylus avellana</i>	Hardy shrub, coppices easily producing straight poles/handles with high conservation value. Good shelter for wildlife. Edible nuts in autumn.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	210 233 255	93 103 113	47 52 57	28 31 34	500 500 500
HOLLY <i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Hardy evergreen with red winter berries. Tolerates shade. Fantastic firewood. In Cells.	Borders (203 cells)	15-30 20-40	POA POA	POA POA	POA POA	POA POA	1000's 1000's
JUNIPER <i>Juniperus communis</i>	Evergreen shrub with both upright and prostrate forms (please specify).	Argyll (106) (cuttings)	10-15 15-30	300 300	133 133	67 67	40 40	100's 100's
PEDUNCULATE OAK <i>Quercus robur</i>	Both Oak species found in the West coast, also as hybrids. Coppices freely, very high conservation value, great wood for the fire or furniture. Slow to grow but very long lived.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 20-40	210 233	93 103	47 52	28 31	1000's 1000's
SESSILE OAK <i>Quercus petraea</i>			30-60 50-70	255 270	113 120	57 60	34 36	1000's 1000's
ROWAN <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	A small attractive woodland edge tree with high conservation value. Bright red fruits attract migrant birds.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	195 218 240	87 97 107	43 48 53	26 29 32	1000's 1000's 1000's
SCOTS PINE <i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	The native caledonian pine, this seed collected from the ancient trees of Blackmount, Tyndrum.	Doire Darach (SW 202)	10-20 20-40	180 195	80 87	40 43	24 26	1000's 1000's
SLOE <i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Sloe, or Blackthorn, is a small attractive thorny shrub, good for hedging with Hawthorn. Purple Sloes used for Sloe Gin.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	225 255 270	100 113 120	50 57 60	30 34 36	1000's 1000's 1000's
WILLOWS, GOAT & GREY <i>Salix caprea & cineria</i>	Tolerate wet sites and some exposure. Very high conservation value, coppice well with fast regrowth. Goat Willow is a larger form, Grey being more shrubby. Great shelter/nurse tree.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	180 210 233 255	80 93 103 113	40 47 52 57	24 28 31 34	1000's 1000's 1000's 1000's
WYCH ELM <i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Tolerates exposure & salt spray. Not severely effected by Dutch Elm in West.	North Argyll (zone 105)	20-40 30-60	187 212	83 94	50 57	30 34	100's 100's

Prices are ex-VAT & delivery. Please ask for quotes for any other species of trees/shrubs

BEECH	(<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>) Traditional hardwood hedging and forest tree.	POA
DOUGLAS FIR	(<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>) fast growing very large conifer from British Columbia	POA
EUROPEAN LARCH	(<i>Larix decidua</i>) Deciduous conifer with fine durable timber	POA
NORWAY SPRUCE	(<i>Picea abies</i>) common commercial forest tree	POA
SYCAMORE	(<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>) common fast growing broadleave forest tree	POA
SITKA SPRUCE	(<i>Picea stichensis</i>) common fast growing commercial forest tree	POA