

www.TaynuiltTrees.co.uk 01866 822591		SEED	SIZE PRICE EACH (p)			
PRICES SUBJECT TO VAT & EXCLUDING DELIVERY		ORIGIN	(cm)	10+	100+	1000+
SPECIES	Description					
ALDER <i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	Likes wet ground, burnsidcs etc. Nitrogen fixing, coppices well. Young trees or coppice re-growth not usually eaten by deer.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	69 81 89 97	42 48 53 58	25 29 32 35
ASH <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Requires well drained soil, lime tolerant and windfirm. Fine strong timber for turnery and furniture.	North Argyll (zone 106)	20-40 30-60	75 83	45 50	27 30
DOWNY BIRCH <i>Betula pubescens</i>	Suitable for wet sites, windfirm, frost hardy and exposure tolerant. Beautiful white bark in young trees.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	67 78 92 100	40 47 55 60	24 28 33 36
BIRD CHERRY <i>Prunus padus</i>	Likes fertile soils, frost hardy but not exposure tolerant. White flowers in the spring, black fruits attract birds.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	75 81 94 103	45 48 57 62	27 29 34 37
GEAN <i>Prunus avium</i>	Likes fertile soils, frost hardy but not exposure tolerant. White flowers in the spring, edible fruits in late summer. Very fine timber.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	75 83 94 103	45 50 57 62	27 30 34 37
GUELDER ROSE <i>Viburnum opulus</i>	Very attractive small tree, for moist fertile soils. White flowers, red fruits.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60	100 108	60 65	36 39
HAWTHORN <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Excellent hedging plant, attractive and hardy small tree. Much loved by migrating birds.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	75 83 94	45 50 57	27 30 34
HAZEL <i>Corylus avellana</i>	Hardy shrub, coppices excellently with high conservation value. Edible nuts in autumn.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	83 94 100	50 57 60	30 34 36
HOLLY <i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Hardy evergreen with red winter berries. Tolerates shade.	106 & 203	15-30 (cells)	200	150	79
JUNIPER <i>Juniperus communis</i>	Evergreen shrub with varying upright and prostrate forms.	Argyll (106)	15-30	200	150	79
PEDUNCULATE OAK <i>Quercus robur</i>	Both Oak species found in the West coast, also as hybrids. Coppices freely, high conservation value, particularly for insect/bird species.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30	83	50	30
SESSILE OAK <i>Quercus petraea</i>			30-60	94	57	34
ROWAN <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	A small attractive woodland edge tree with high conservation value. Bark often stripped by deer.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	72 81 89	43 48 53	26 29 32
SCOTS PINE <i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	The native caledonian pine, seed from the ancient trees of Blackmount.	Doire Darach (SW 106)	10-20 20-40	64 69	38 42	23 25
SLOE <i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Sloe, or Blackthorn, is a small attractive shrub, good hedging. Berries used for Sloe Gin.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	92 100 100	55 60 60	30 34 36
SYCAMORE <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Non-native tree very windfirm and salt tolerant. Good nurse tree.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60	75 83	45 50	27 30
WILLOWS, GOAT, GREY AND EARED <i>Salix caprea, cineria and aurita</i>	Tolerate wet sites and some exposure. Very high conservation value, coppice well.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90 90-120	67 78 86 94	40 47 52 57	24 28 31 34
WYCH ELM <i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Tolerates exposure, salt spray and pollution. Attractive tree not severely affected by Dutch Elm disease.	North Argyll (zone 106)	15-30 30-60 60-90	83 94 103	50 57 62	30 34 37